

Policy Number: 403

Adopted: 8/2021

## Midway Star Crisis Management Policy



### I. Purpose

The purpose of this Model Crisis Management Policy is to act as a guide for Midway Star Academy (herein ‘Midway Star’) and building administrators, Midway Star employees, students, Midway Star Board members, and community members to address a wide range of potential crisis situations in Midway Star. The step-by-step procedures suggested by this Policy will provide guidance to each Midway Star building in drafting crisis management plans to coordinate protective actions prior to, during, and after any type of emergency or potential crisis situation.

Midway Star will, to the extent possible, engage in ongoing emergency planning within Midway Star and with emergency responders and other relevant community organizations. Midway Star will ensure that relevant emergency responders in the community have access to their building-specific crisis management plans and will provide training to Midway Star’s staff to enable them to act appropriately in the event of a crisis.

### II. General Information

#### A. The Policy and Plans

Midway Stars’ Crisis Management Policy has been created in consultation with local community response agencies and other appropriate individuals and groups that would likely be involved in the event of a school emergency. It is designed so that each building administrator can tailor a building-specific crisis management plan to meet that building’s specific situation and needs.

Midway Stars’ administration shall present tailored building-specific crisis management plans to the Midway Star Board for review and approval. The building-specific crisis management plans will include general crisis procedures and crisis-specific procedures. Upon approval by the Midway Star Board, such crisis management plans shall be an addendum to this Crisis Management Policy. This Policy and the plans will be maintained and updated on an annual basis.

#### B. Elements of the Midway Star Crisis Management Policy

1. General Crisis Procedures. The Crisis Management Policy includes general crisis procedures for securing buildings, classroom evacuation, building evacuation, campus evacuation, and sheltering. The Policy designates the individual(s) who will determine when these actions will be taken. These Midway Star procedures may be modified by building administrators when creating their building-specific crisis management plans. A communication system will be in place to enable the designated individual to be always contacted in the event of a potential crisis, setting forth the method to contact the designated individual, the provision of at least two designees when the contact person is unavailable, and the method to convey contact information to the appropriate staff persons. A method of communication should be included in the plan for use when the primary method of communication is inoperable. The building will have access to a copy of the Comprehensive School Safety Guide to assist in the development of building-specific crisis management plans.

- C. All general crisis procedures will address specific procedures for the safe evacuation of children and employees with special needs such as physical, sensory, motor, developmental, and mental health challenges.
1. Lockdown Procedures. Lockdown procedures will be used in situations where harm may result to persons inside the school building, such as a shooting, hostage incident, intruder, trespass, disturbance, or when determined to be necessary by the building administrator or his or her designee. The building administrator or designee will announce the lock-down over the public address system or other designated system. Code words will not be used. Provisions for emergency evacuation will be maintained even in the event of a lock-down. A building administrator will submit lockdown procedures for their building as part of the building- specific crisis management plan.
  2. Evacuation Procedures. Evacuations of classrooms and buildings shall be implemented at the discretion of the building administrator or his or her designee. The building's crisis management plan will include procedures for transporting students and staff a safe distance from harm to a designated safe area until released by the building administrator or designee. Safe areas may change based upon the specific emergency situation. The evacuation procedures should include specific procedures for children with special needs, including children with limited mobility (wheelchairs, braces, crutches, etc.), visual impairments, hearing impairments, and other sensory, developmental, or mental health needs. The evacuation procedures should also address transporting necessary medications for students that take medications during the school day.
  3. Sheltering Procedures. Sheltering provides refuge for students, staff, and visitors within the school building during an emergency. Shelters are safe areas that maximize the safety of inhabitants. Safe areas may change based upon the specific emergency. The building administrator or his or her designee will announce the need for sheltering over the public address system or other designated system. A building administrator will submit sheltering procedures for his or her building as part of the building- specific crisis management plan.

### **III. Crisis-Specific Procedures.**

The Crisis Management Policy includes crisis-specific procedures for crisis situations that may occur during the school day or at school-sponsored events and functions. These procedures are designed to enable building administrators to tailor response procedures when creating building-specific crisis management plans.

#### **A. School Emergency Response Teams**

1. Composition. A building administrator will select a school emergency response team that will be trained to respond to emergency situations. All school emergency response team members will receive on-going training to carry out the building's crisis management plans and will have knowledge of procedures, evacuation routes, and safe areas. For purposes of student safety and accountability, to the extent possible, school emergency response team members will not have direct responsibility for the supervision of students. Team members must be willing to be actively involved in the resolution of crises and be available to assist in any crisis situation as deemed necessary by the building administrator. Each building will

maintain a current list of school emergency response team members which will be updated annually. The building administrator, and his or her alternative designees, will know the location of that list in the event of a school emergency. A copy of the list will be kept on file in the Midway Star's main office.

2. Leaders. The building administrator or his or her designee will serve as the leader of the school emergency response team and will be the primary contact for emergency response officials. In the event the primary designee is unavailable, the designee list should include more than one alternative designee and may include members of the emergency response team. When emergency response officials are present, they may elect to take command and control of the crisis. It is critical in this situation that school officials assume a resource role and be available as necessary to emergency response officials.

#### **IV. PREPARATION BEFORE AN EMERGENCY**

##### **A. Communication**

1. Midway Star Employees. Teachers generally have the most direct contact with students on a day-to-day basis. As a result, they must be aware of their role in responding to crisis situations. This also applies to non-teaching school personnel who have direct contact with students. All staff shall be aware of Midway Star's Crisis Management Policy and their own building's crisis management plan. Each school's building-specific crisis management plan shall include the method and dates of dissemination of the plan to its staff. Employees will receive a copy of the relevant building-specific crisis management plans and shall receive periodic training on plan implementation.
2. Students and Parents. Students and parents shall be made aware of Midway Star's Crisis Management Policy and relevant tailored crisis management plans for each school building. Each Midway Star's building-specific crisis management plan shall set forth how students and parents are made aware of the Midway Star and school-specific plans. Students shall receive specific instruction on plan implementation and shall participate in a required number of drills and practice sessions throughout the school year.

##### **B. Planning and Preparing for Fire**

1. Designate a safe area at least 50 feet away from the building to enable students and staff to evacuate. The safe area should not interfere with emergency responders or responding vehicles and should not be in an area where evacuated persons are exposed to any products of combustion. (Depending on the wind direction, where the building on fire is located, the direction from which the fire is arriving, and the location of fire equipment, the distance may need to be extended.)
2. The building facility diagram shall be available in appropriate areas of the building and shall identify the most direct evacuation routes to the designated safe areas both inside and outside of the building. The facility diagram and site plan must identify the location of the fire alarm control panel, fire alarms, fire extinguishers, hoses, water spigots, and utility shut offs.

3. Teachers and staff will receive training on the location of the primary emergency evacuation routes and alternate routes from various points in the building. During fire drills, students and staff will practice evacuations using primary evacuation routes and alternate routes.
4. Fire drills will be conducted periodically without warning at various times of the day and under different circumstances, e.g., lunchtime, recess, and during assemblies. State law requires a minimum of five fire drills each school year, consistent with Minn. Stat. § 299F.30. See Minn. Stat. § 121A.035.
5. A record of fire drills conducted at the building will be maintained in the building administrator's office.
6. Midway Star will have prearranged sites for emergency sheltering and transportation as needed.
7. Midway Star will determine which staff will remain in the building to perform essential functions if safe to do so (e.g., switchboard, building engineer, etc.). Midway Star also will designate an administrator or his or her designee to meet local fire or law enforcement agents upon their arrival.

#### C. Facility Diagrams and Site Plans

1. Midway Star will have a facility diagram and site plan that includes the location of primary and secondary evacuation routes, exits, designated safe areas inside and outside of the building, and the location of fire alarm control panel, fire alarms, fire extinguishers, hoses, water spigots, and utility shut offs. All facility diagrams and site plans will be updated regularly and whenever a major change is made to a building. Facility diagrams and site plans will be maintained by the building administrator and will be easily accessible and on file in the Midway Star main office. Facility diagrams and site plans will be provided to first responders, such as fire and law enforcement personnel.

#### D. Emergency Telephone Numbers

1. Midway Star will maintain a current list of emergency telephone numbers and the names and addresses of local, county, and state personnel who may be involved in a crisis situation. The list will include telephone numbers for local police, fire, ambulance, hospital, the Poison Control Center, county and state emergency management agencies, local public works departments, local utility companies, the public health nurse, mental health/suicide hotlines, and the county welfare agency. A copy of this list will be kept on file in Midway Star's main office and updated annually.
2. Midway Star's employees will receive training on how to make emergency contacts, including 911 calls.
3. Midway Star's plans will set forth a process to internally communicate an emergency, using telephones in classrooms, intercom systems, or two-way radios, as well as the procedure to enable the staff to rapidly convey emergency information to a building designee. Each plan will identify a primary and secondary method of communication for both internal and secondary use. It is recommended that the plan include several

methods of communication because computers, intercoms, telephones, and cell phones may not be operational or may be dangerous to use during an emergency.

#### E. Warning and Notification Systems

1. Midway Star shall maintain a warning system designed to inform students, staff, and visitors of a crisis or emergency. This system shall be maintained on a regular basis under the maintenance plan for all school buildings. Midway Star should consider an alternate notification system to address the needs of staff and students with special needs, such as vision or hearing.
2. The building administrator shall be responsible for informing students and employees of the warning system and the means by which the system is used to identify a specific crisis or emergency situation. Each school's building-specific crisis management plan will include the method and frequency of dissemination of the warning system information to students and employees.

#### F. Early School Closure Procedures

1. The School Director or designee will make decisions about closing school or buildings as early in the day as possible. The early school closure procedures will set forth the criteria for early school closure (e.g., weather-related, utility failure, or a crisis situation), will specify how closure decisions will be communicated to staff, students, families, and the school community (designated broadcast media, local authorities, e-mail, or Midway Star or school building web sites), and will discuss the factors to be considered in closing and reopening a school or building.
2. Early school closure procedures also will include a reminder to parents and guardians to listen to designated local radio and TV stations for school closing announcements, where possible.

#### G. Media Procedures

1. The Director has the authority and discretion to notify parents or guardians and the school community in the event of a crisis or early school closure. The Director will designate a spokesperson who will notify the media in the event of a crisis or early school closure. The spokesperson shall receive training to ensure that Midway Star is in strict compliance with federal and state law relative to the release of private data when conveying information to the media.

#### H. Behavioral Health Crisis Intervention Procedures

1. Short-term behavioral health crisis intervention procedures will set forth the procedure for initiating behavioral health crisis intervention plans. The procedures will utilize available resources including the school social worker or others in the community. Counseling procedures will be used whenever the Director or the building administrator determines it to be necessary, such as after an assault, a hostage situation, shooting, or suicide. The behavioral health crisis intervention procedures shall include the following steps:
  - i. Administrator will meet with relevant persons, including school psychologists and counselors, to determine the level of intervention needed for students and staff.

- ii. Designate specific rooms as private counseling areas.
- iii. Escort siblings and close friends of any victims as well as others in need of emotional support to the counseling areas.
- iv. Prohibit media from interviewing or questioning students or staff.
  - v. Provide follow-up services to students and staff who receive counseling.
  - vi. Resume normal school routines as soon as possible.

I. Long-Term Recovery Intervention Procedures

- 1. Long-term recovery intervention procedures may involve both short-term and long-term recovery planning:
  - i. Physical/structural recovery.
  - ii. Fiscal recovery.
  - iii. Academic recovery.
  - iv. Social/emotional recovery.

**V. Sample Procedures-Included in this Policy**

- a. Sample procedures for the various hazards/emergencies listed below will be developed and added as addendum to this Policy. After approval by the Midway Star’s Board, an adopted procedure will become an addendum to the Crisis Management Policy.
  - i. Fire
  - ii. Hazardous Materials
  - iii. Severe Weather: Tornado/Severe Thunderstorm/Flooding
  - iv. Medical Emergency
  - v. Fight/Disturbance
  - vi. Assault
  - vii. Intruder
  - viii. Weapons
  - ix. Shooting
  - x. Hostage
  - xi. Bomb Threat
  - xii. Chemical or Biological Threat
  - xiii. Checklist for Telephone Threats
  - xiv. Demonstration
  - xv. Suicide
  - xvi. Lockdown Procedures
  - xvii. Shelter-In-Place Procedures
  - xviii. Evacuation/Relocation
  - xix. Media Procedures
  - xx. Post-Crisis Procedures
  - xxi. School Emergency Response Team
  - xxii. Emergency Phone Numbers
  - xxiii. Highly Contagious Serious Illness or Pandemic Flu

## **VI. Miscellaneous Procedures**

### **A. Chemical Accidents**

1. Procedures for reporting chemical accidents shall be posted at key locations such as chemistry labs, art rooms, and janitorial closets.

### **B. Visitors**

1. Midway Star shall implement procedures mandating visitor sign in and visitors in the building.
2. Midway Star shall implement procedures to minimize outside entry into school buildings except at designated check-in points and assure that all doors are locked prior to and after regular building hours.
3. Midway Star has implemented an automated sign-in process at our front desk for students arriving late or leaving early as well as visitors to the building

Legal References: Minn. Stat. Ch. 12 (Emergency Management)

Minn. Stat. Ch. 12A (Natural Disaster; State Assistance)

Minn. Stat. § 121A.035 (Crisis Management Policy)

Minn. Stat. § 121A.06 (Reports of Dangerous Weapon Incidents in School Zones)

Minn. Stat. § 299F.30 (Fire Drill in School)

Minn. Stat. § 326B.02, Subd. 6 (Powers)

Minn. Stat. § 326B.106 (General Powers of Commissioner of Labor and Industry)

Minn. Stat. § 609.605, Subd. 4 (Trespasses on School Property)

Minn. Rules Ch. 7511 (Fire Safety) 20 U.S.C. § 1681, et seq. (Title IX) 20 U.S.C. § 6301, et seq. (Every Student Succeeds Act) 20 U.S.C. § 7912 (Unsafe School Choice Option) 42 U.S.C. § 5121 et seq. (Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance)